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No.75, Jingliao, Houbi Dist., Tainan City

Hutoupi Scenic Area Service Center

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Tainan City Visitor Information Center

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No.1, Zhongshan Rd., Xinying Dist., Tainan City (06)6378821

No. 23, Zhongshan Rd., Yanshui Dist., Tainan City





Tour Type:Pre-registration is required for free guided tour Tour Times: April-October, every Sat and Sun, 4pm-6pm November-March, every Sat and Sun, 3pm-5pm Starting Location: Entrance of Yancheng Library



Travel Tainan website













Real-time Bus Information





Tainan's Yancheng Library opened its doors at the end of 2015. The library was designed by architect Y.C. Tsai who also designed Tainan's famous Chimei Museum. The library's exterior resembles books all shapes and sizes stacked upon each other—an image not only symbolizing the crystallization of knowledge, but also a nod to the library's function and the area's long history with salt fields. Y.C. Tsai's architectural works in Tainan City are many and include: Anping District's Lin Mo-niang Park (2004), Rende District's Chimei Museum (2015), South District's Yancheng Library (2015), North District's Hsu Shi Music Library (2018), and Tainan City's Nanhua District Office (2020).

Children! Let's Fly Togethe (public art installation)

This public art installation built of colorfully painted steel plates has as its creative concept that knowledge serves as a record of mankind's progress. In the unfolding of the timeline of history, we are all children— exploring, learning, and flying on the wings of knowledge. Artists: Euglena Program of Art. A creative team founded in 2011 by two artists, Mu-jen Lu and Sheng-wei Chiao, who boast markedly different creative styles. Finished in 2015, the installation is constructed of hand-painted steel plates.



Linan Street

Former Tainan Branch of the Mo

Bureau of the Governor-General of Taiwar

In 1901, the Tainan Branch of the Monopoly Bureau of the Governor-General of Taiwan was established and tasked

1971, the Tainan City Government announced that the salt fields would be decommissioned and in 2003 the area

was designated as a municipal heritage site. Its name was later changed to Former Tainan Branch of the Monopoly

<mark>The complex's principal building is the</mark> Wushulin Branch Hong Mao Port Office, formally situated in Kaohsiung's Hong Mao

the building's entry hall, several Japanese decorative architectural elements can be seen, including hanging fish, pagodas,

Port before being relocated to Yancheng to serve as the location for the Tainan branch office of the Monopoly Bureau. In

pearls, and corbels, making the structure an intriguing mix of Japanese and Western architectural styles.

with overseeing the government's monopoly in the Tainan area. In 1922, the branch name was changed to

Bureau of the Governor-General of Taiwan, but is more commonly known as the Yancheng Office.

Y<mark>ancheng Office of the Monopoly Bureau of the Governor-General of Taiwan, Anping Branch. The name was</mark> changed once again in 1952 to the Tainan Salt Corporation's Yancheng Branch Office of the Taiwan Salt Works. In

Rihsin Elementary School

What today is called Linan Street was formally a watercourse of the Yancheng River that due to its many bends was prone to flooding. The watercourse was straightened, moved underground, and later paved over to become Linan Street.

Taiwan's First Salt Field Stele

This stele was erected in 2012 by the Tourism

Bureau of Tainan City Government and details the

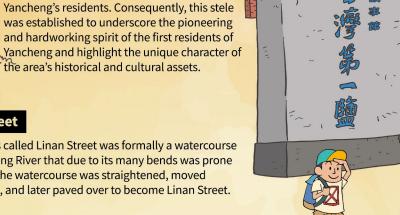
industrial and commercial zone, the rise and fall

of the area's salt production industry continues

history of salt drying in Yancheng. Although

Yancheng has gradually developed into an

to be part of the collective memory of



1912 under the name of Tainan City Anping District Public School, Yancheng

Yancheng Tianhou Temple

The Yancheng Tianhou Temple was founded in the middle of the Qing Dynasty having been moved and renovated several times since. The temple that exists today was finished in 1977. The two principal deities enshrined in the temple are Tien Shang Sheng Mu (more commonly known as Mazu) and Wu Hui Zun Wang. The belief in Wu Hui Zun Wang originated in Quanzhou in China's Fujian Province. Due to the god's spiritual efficacy, locals later carved a golden statue of Wu Hui Zun Wang which was installed in the temple. As Wu Hui Zun Wang is represented with a red face, he is also known as Hong Zu Gong (lit. "red-faced ancestor"). Set in front of the temple is a stone stele on which is inscribed a description of the donations used to rebuild the Laibei Saltern in May 1801 (6th year of Emperor Jiaqing). Every donor's name, business number and donated amount is carefully listed. At the head of the stele are carved the three characters: Guang An Qiao (lit. "Guang'an Bridge").

Former Guang'an Bridge (Yancheng Bridge) Historic Site

At the intersection of what is now Yancheng Road and Linan Street, during the Qing Dynasty there was Guang'an Bridge (also known as Yancheng Bridge), Yancheng's first ever completed bridge. In 1778, Taiwan Prefecture Governor Jiang Yuanshu painted the Guang'an Bridge at the bottom right of a drawing titled "Reconstruction of the Temple of God Xuanwu in Laibei Saltern."

Yancheng Road

Yancheng Road was formerly the main

throughfare for the Yancheng area.

However, much of the vehicle traffic

Government. Today, Yancheng Road

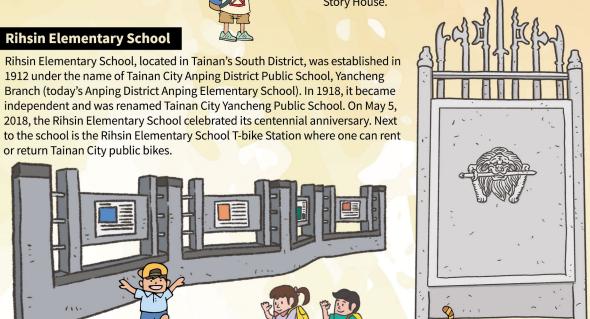
is mainly used by local residents.

shifted to Jinhua Road after its

completion by the Tainan City



home built in the early days of the Yancheng settlement. In 2016, with the cooperation of community residents and the local district office, the home was turned into the Yancheng Story House.

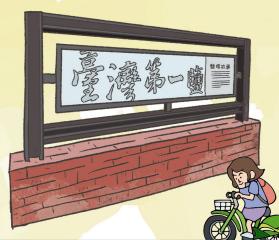


Zhang Family Sword Lion

Armament Screen A rarely seen armaments screen made of washed stones found in Tainan's South District. The screen's two sides hold images of a sword lion and the mythical warding off evil.



beast Kirin. The screen was often used in traditional households as a charm and placed in the outer courtyard to ward off evil. The image facing away from the home is the sword lion whose fierce visage wards off evil spirits. The image facing the home is the benevolent Kirin as a prayer for good fortune. At the center top of the screen is a sword. Descending to the left and right are a halberd, axe, and knife—further symbols of



Baixue Village Public Park No. 81

During the Qing Dynasty, salt warehouses and salt tax offices were called yanguan (lit. "salt office"). A yanguan

"Yanguan Street" due to its proximity to Yancheng Library.

was built here after the establishment of the Laibei Saltern, but its precise location is unknown today. In 2016 the Tainan City Government renamed the street to

Yanguan Street

Southern and Northern Dipper.

Yancheng Guanyin Temple

Yancheng Beiji Temple

Yancheng's Guanyin Temple is dedicated to the worship of Bodhisattva Guanyin. During the

Island off the coast of China's Zhejiang Province to Taiwan where it was initially enshrined in

private homes. It was later moved to the Yancheng Guanyin Temple whose construction was

finished in 1992. Enshrined on the temple's first floor are the Five Kings, the Earth God, and

Yancheng Beiji Temple was originally a small temple dedicated to the god Xuanwu

Jiang Yuanshu donated money to have the temple rebuilt. The temple that

was a source of spiritual substance and a center of religious faith for the

stands today was finished in 1988. In the past, the residents around Yancheng

community. Grateful for the power and protection of the god, every year, on

3rd day of the third month of the lunar calendar, a celebration for the health

Beiji Temple were primarily engaged in agriculture and salt drying, and Xuanwu

(one of the highest ranking deities in Taoism). In 1778, Taiwan Prefecture Governor

the Goddess of Childbirth. The second floor is dedicated to Bodhisattva Guanyin,

Thousand-armed Avalokitesvara, the Tiger God (Hu Ye), and the Lords of the

as well as the deities Guanyin with Child, Lady Linshui (Chen Jinggu),

reign of Emperor Guangxu (1875-1908) the statue of Guanyin traveled from its home on Putuo

A small park maintained by the Yancheng Village Office. In the past, this location was used for salt drying, which covered the area like snow. The area was originally under the management of Baixue (lit. "white snow") Village. In 2018, the Baixue and Rixin villages were merged to create Yancheng Village During the Tainan City Government's restoration of the Former Tainan Branch of the Monopoly Bureau of the Governor-General

and longevity of Xuanwu is held. of Taiwan, the adjacent lot was subsequently transformed into Yancheng is a low lying area and often suffers from windstorms and small park and given the name Baixue Village Public Park No. 81. flooding. In the southwest corner of Yancheng, a statue of a general riding Next to the park, visitors will find the Yanchang Library T-bike a tiger was enshrined to protect Yancheng's residents from natural Station, where one can rent or return Tainan City public bikes. An disasters. As public housing began to be built in Yancheng, to the left of information sign with the heading "Taiwan's First Salt Field" can Yancheng Beiji Temple was constructed the Great Emperors of the Five be found next to the park explaining the history and culture of Blessings Pavilion to pray for the prosperity of Yancheng and the safety salt drying in Yancheng. of the nation and its people.



Yancheng Beiji Temple Stinky Tofu

Crispy on the outside and soft on the inside, this shop's stinky tofu is a local favorite. Open every Thursday to Sunday from 3:30pm, the doors stay open till the shop sells out.



man.man.nong

In 2016, Tainan locals renovated an old, abandoned factory to create a new restaurant they named man.man.nong. The name encompasses the business philosophy of the young owners. The first "man" is a play on words for the Chinese word for slow (慢) and points to the leisurely pace of Tainan's residents. The second "man" is short for the Chinese word for romance (浪漫), and a nod to the owner's romantic personality (a Pisces). "Nong" (弄) is the word for alley and conjures up the many back alleys and side streets for which Tainan is famous. Tainan's residents are known for being full of feeling, of slowly and deeply communicating with each other, and for taking great care in the preparation of their meals. Hidden in a back ally, the building's flowering Royal poincianas welcome guests from afar.





